Part I: Speaking

1. When you arrive at the airport to pick your friend up. What’d you say to greet him?
   1. What’s your flight number?
   2. Did you enjoy your flight?
   3. Would you be glad to be here?
   4. Didn’t you make reservations for a hotel?

2. Your friend needs you to stay a bit longer in a party. He might say, ________.
   1. Time and tide wait for no man.
   2. Take all the time you want.
   3. Hey, hang around. I just got here.
   4. Let me bring you a drink.

3. Your relative just spilled her coffee on your carpet. What’d you say to her considerately?
   1. Excuse me. Don’t worry about it.
   2. Why not?
   3. Thank you. It could be cool.
   4. How about driving to Phuket? Thanks.

4. Beam has to leave for home. What would he say to the host?
   1. It was a pleasure having you.
   2. So soon? Give my best regards to your wife.
   3. Are you positive you can’t stay any longer?
   4. I must run along now. It’s my pleasure to be here.

5. Film invites Palmy to drive to Phuket this weekend but Palmy is so busy during the moment. She says, ________.
   1. I’d rather not. Thanks anyway.
   2. Why not?
   3. Thank you. It could be cool.
   4. Are you positive you can’t stay any longer?

6. Songkran asks Maim if he can meet her in Bangkok this month. In fact, Maim will have been living in USA by that time. She might say, ________.
   1. If I were you, I would quit it.
   2. How come you ask your boss for a raise?
   3. You showed have been on a strike.
   4. Did you enjoy your flight?

7. Noon likes her job but it does not make enough money. What will you say if she consults you about the problem?
   1. I advise him to cease drinking.
   2. I suggest him to quit smoking.
   3. I recommend him to consult a physician.
   4. I propose him to do some more exercises.

8. Willy feels terrible and has got a bad hangover. What’d you suggest him to do?
   1. I advise him to cease drinking.
   2. I suggest him to quit smoking.
   3. I recommend him to consult a physician.
   4. I propose him to do some more exercises.

9. Khet asks Noon for their marriage plan and she agrees with the plan. She says, ________.
   1. I doubt it.
   2. I’m of two minds.
   3. Let me see.
   4. I’m for it.

10. Toom are very grateful to Pao’s assistance. He says, ________.
    1. Oh, my goodness. You shouldn’t have done that but thanks.
    2. Many thanks, anyway.
    3. Do I have to appreciate it?
    4. Give me a big hand.

11. Jirasak: What do you think about my idea?
    Nicole: ________.
    1. I’m sorry to hear that.
    2. But why?
    3. You don’t mean it, do you?
    4. You must be a brain.

12. Rain: Do you know his whereabouts?
    Seven: ________.
    1. He is an architect.
    2. Yes, he is.
    3. I haven’t heard from him for ages.
    4. His house lies near the drugstore.

    ________.
    1. He works as an accountant.
    2. The bank rates him as sound.
    3. I don’t think it’s quite as simple as that.
    4. To be a good student.

Part II: Vocabulary

21. I had to ________ my way up the dark stairs.
    1. scream
    2. trouble
    3. search
    4. strike

22. She was not cognizant of the ________ of her mistake.
    1. cost
    2. scene
    3. enough
    4. result

23. His career has ________ dramatically from what his parents had hoped for him.
    1. exemplified
    2. advanced
    3. differed
    4. suspended

24. We strolled along on the ________, eating ice-creams.
    1. run
    2. walk
    3. jump
    4. jog

25. The most common parental ________ surely is “Don’t stay out late.”
    1. offering
    2. warning
    3. termination
    4. estate

26. At the end of land, the beach was ________.
    1. improved
    2. polluted
    3. closed
    4. locked

27. This is the ________ weekend that I have spent working, and I am a bit fed up with it.
    1. reachable
    2. successive

NISIT Academy
Part III: Writing

Error Detection Test

31. Flower ______ that are kept in a dim room often cease to grow.  
1. moistless  2. eager  3. smooth  4. flat

32. In an Korean ______ communal, each member has an individual place and ______ function.  
1. moistless  2. eager  3. smooth  4. flat

33. African alligators are larger, fiercer, and ______ difficult ______ to tame than Asian alligators.  
1. moistless  2. eager  3. smooth  4. flat

34. In ______ times of inflation, prices go up; the ______ cause of this, the value of money ______ decreases.  
1. moistless  2. eager  3. smooth  4. flat

35. Shorthand is a method ______ of recording words ______ rapid ______ by using symbols or ______ letters to represent ______ sounds.  
1. moistless  2. eager  3. smooth  4. flat

36. Some people can ______ get along ______ on ______ only ______ three hours of sleep ______ the night.  
1. moistless  2. eager  3. smooth  4. flat

37. A jewel is an ornament ______ fashioned ______ from ______ precious ______ metals or ______ stones, either alone ______ and ______ in combination.  
1. moistless  2. eager  3. smooth  4. flat

38. Astronomers have ______ estimation ______ that the ______ interior temperature of the sun is about ______ thirty – five million ______ degrees ______ Fahrenheit.  
1. moistless  2. eager  3. smooth  4. flat

39. Rubber can be ______ made ___ too ______ elastic that it ______ will stretch ______ more than nine times ______ its normal ______ length.  
1. moistless  2. eager  3. smooth  4. flat

40. The ______ rocky ______ coast of Phuket is ______ famous ______ as ______ its beauty.  
1. moistless  2. eager  3. smooth  4. flat

Part IV: Reading

Sentence Completion

41. The sales representative’s presentation was difficult to understand ______ he spoke very quickly.  
1. because  2. although  3. so that  4. than

42. Employees are ______ that due to the new government regulation, there is to be no smoking ______ in the factory.  
1. reminded  2. respected  3. remembered  4. reacted

43. The firm is not liable for damage resulting from circumstances ______ its control.  
1. beyond  2. above  3. inside  4. around

44. Although the textbook gives a definitive answer, wise managers will look for ______ own creative solutions.  
1. them  2. their  3. theirs  4. they

45. Small company stocks usually benefit ______ the so-called January effect that causes the price of these stocks to rise between November and January.  
1. unless  2. from  3. to  4. since

46. The president of the corporation has ______ arrived in Copenhagen and will meet with the Minister of Trade on Monday morning.  
1. still  2. yet  3. already  4. soon

47. ______ higher ticket prices this year, attendance at area theaters remains above average.  

48. Please ______ your flight number at least 24 hours in advance.  
1. confirm  2. concur  3. conduct  4. concord

49. Any unsatisfactory item must be returned within ______ 30 days and ______ by the original receipt from this store.  
1. altered  2. adjusted  3. accepted  4. accompanied

50. This new highway construction project will help the ______ company ______.  
1. diversify  2. clarify  3. intensify  4. modify

Cloze Test

Economic prosperity can be dangerous to your health. To determine just how dangerous, a well – known pharmaceutical company initiated a region – wide study in March, 1996; it will assess the ______ (51) ______ -- obesity, smoking, high- cholesterol diets and stress -- associated with wealth.

“Coronary heart disease appears to be a ______ (52) ______ problem because of the increasing “westernization” of diet and lifestyle economic Asians ______ (53) ______ with continuing habits of prosperity,” says Dr. Anthony Keech of Australia’s National Health and Medical Research Council. Any abnormal condition that ______ (54) ______ the flow of oxygen and nutrients to the heart muscle is ______ (55) ______ as heart disease. Doctors in various Asian countries have reported a rising ______ (56) ______ of heart ailments in the past few years, but ______ (57) ______ no comprehensive survey has been undertaken to confirm their ______ (58) ______. The researchers will collect data on heart patients’ medical histories, eating habits, drug treatments and lifestyles; they will then ______ (59) ______ health – care workers on how best to treat those at risk.
Between 200 and 400 patients in Indonesia, Korea, the Philippines, Singapore, Taiwan and Thailand will ___ (60) ___ the nine – month study.

51. 1. bad habits  2. various reasons
    3. risk factors  4. effective solutions
52. 1. thriving  2. living
    3. decreasing  4. growing
53. 1. combined  2. compared
    3. contented  4. completed
54. 1. forces  2. introduces
    3. affects  4. experiences
55. 1. selected  2. mentioned
    3. classified  4. suggested
56. 1. existence  2. persistence
    3. evidence  4. incidence
57. 1. only  2. until
    3. for  4. by
58. 1. finding  2. reasons
    3. effects  4. problems
59. 1. admit  2. advise
    3. assess  4. answer
60. 1. attend to  2. deal with
    3. compete for  4. participate in

Format Variations

61. What kind of titles are included in the index?
    1. Magazines 2. Books and VCDs
62. What subject area does this index cover?
    1. Chemistry 2. Political Science
63. Which book has the most recent copyright?
    1. Oceans of the World 2. Birds and Bees
    3. Portrait of a Whale 4. Insects
64. Where should you look to learn more about infant fauna?
    1. Page 46 2. Page 67
65. Where should you look to learn more about world’s hydrosphere?
    1. Page 24 2. Page 46

Dear Mrs. Maganee
Please send me information regarding your company’s new line of jewelry. I will be in India, Malaysia, and Sri Lanka next summer, and I would like to discuss the possibility of importing your jewelry into Australia.

Sincerely,
John Bloomings
Import manager

66. Where does Mr. Bloomings live?
    1. India 2. Sri Lanka
    3. Australia 4. Malaysia
67. What does Mrs. Maganee manufacture?
    1. Jewelry 2. Fashions
    3. Textiles 4. Toys
68. When will Mr. Bloomings be in India?
    1. Next Tuesday 2. Next week
    3. Next month 4. Next season
69. From where will the jewelry be exported?
    1. India 2. Australia
70. What is the correct definition of the word “line” in line 11?
    1. A group of people or things arranged in a row.
    2. A connection to an electric system.
    3. A company that transports people or goods.
    4. A range of similar things for sale.

Sentence Restatement

71. Of that Thomas made no confidentiality.
    1. Thomas did not conceal the fact.
    2. Thomas explained all about the fact.
    3. Thomas let people know his secret.
    4. Thomas regarded the fact as self – evident.
72. Many foreigners say that Indian food is perfection itself, but that their table manners, customs and rituals during the dinner mar this perfection. It seems to some foreigners that...........
    1. Indian table manners are less than perfect.
    2. Indian table manners make food more delicious.
    3. Indian table manners are as perfect as Indian food.
    4. Indian food is not as perfect as Indian table manners.
73. Recently our conception used to be that our accomplishment bears proportion to our manpower and financial resources. Today, however, we must carry out our mission whether we have enough power or not. We do not deny the existence of hardships; but we have courage and determination to overcome them. The author believes that...........
    1. accomplishment bears proportion to our manpower and financial resources.
    2. accomplishment lies in courage and determination.
    3. we must think much of the existence of hardships.
    4. we cannot accomplish without enough power.
74. In the assorted ways in which they serve the country, the railways might well be said to render a silent service.
    1. By being silent the railways succeed in serving serve the country in various ways.
    2. To some extents the railways are not rendering enough service to the country.
3. It would be better if the railways caused no noise.
4. The railways serve the country in many ways little known to the public.

75. As clouds of smoke and the tumult of traffic fill the air in more and more cities, people around the world realize the mixed benefits of industrialization. No doubt in the long run there will not be any question of the advantages technology has brought. But people today find that both industrialization and technology are robbing them of one of life’s most valuable commodities – the beauty of nature – without putting anything of equal enjoyment in its place.

According to this passage, all the statement are true except?
1. Technology has brought a lot of advantages to the world.
2. One of the most precious things to man is the beauty of nature.
3. People don’t realize the mixed benefits of industrialization.
4. More and more cities are now full of clouds of smoke and the tumult of traffic.

76. The possibilities are that Ted will be doing his work late at night when children are fast asleep.
1. Ted will be getting his chance late at night children are fast asleep.
2. The chances are that children are sleeping early while Ted will be late because of his work.
3. It is very probable that when children go to sleep as fast as they can, Ted is doing his work at night.
4. The chance is that Ted will be working till late at night and children will be sleeping deeply during that time.

77. One of the serious problems in developing countries is the expenditure on educating a large number of young children. The planners noted with dismay that many more expensive school – rooms and many more teachers were needed, especially now that the years of compulsory education have been increased. The cost to the government alone for putting a child through the required years of school is a least 660,000 baht. The planners remembered that to prevent a birth costs only 16,000 baht. No wonder they began to press for family planning.

What is the writer’s attitude toward family planning?
1. He prefers family planning.
2. He doesn’t like family planning.
3. A family should not have children because the cost of bringing up a child is too much.
4. It does good for a child to receive the required years of compulsory education.

78. The population climbed with slowness despite a uniformly high birthrate.
1. There were so few babies born that the population did not increase quickly.
2. Only a small number of babies were born and a considerable number of those died in infancy.
3. Many babies were born, but only a small number of them lived and grew up.
4. Many babies were born, but a large number of them lived and grew up.

79. In America folk tales George Washington is known only as a child or a general or an old, old man. Washington’s portrait at the age of sixty – four has become the most popular. It has been reproduced as the official portrait and placed in every school in the country; so we may expect that generations of American schoolchildren will be brought up with the idea that Washington was a solemn old bore. If only Charles Willson Peales’ portrait of him as a handsome and gallant soldier could have been used instead. His older writers, too, have sought to create the legend; and the recent efforts to popularize Washington have unfortunately tried to present him as something he was not: a churchman, politician, engineer and businessman.

What follows this are true EXCEPT ……….
1. The first President was an engineer.
2. Schoolchildren tend to regard Washington as an old bore.
3. Legends are likely to exaggerate the hero’s abilities.
4. Washington was not popularized as a valiant soldier.

80. Nothing is more precious than time, yet nothing is less valued.
(a) Time is not so worthy as anything.
(b) Nothing is less valued by man.
(c) Time is often neglected by man.
(d) Time and tide wait for no man.

Passage
Anan Anwar, a British military aviator, was hovering over Italy one night in March 1944 when his plane was hit by enemy fire. Flaming gasoline shot down the whole length of the plane. Anwar reached to (5) find it a mass of fire. What could he do? The parachute was obviously too far gone to be usable even if he could put out the rising flames. His boots were already beginning to burn. He decided to jump, preferring sudden (10) death on the ground to being burned alive in the sky. This is the end, he thought, as he jumped into black space 18,000 feet from ground.

This is all he could remember until he awoke to see a small patch of stars overhead. Was he dead? He (15) turned his head and moved his arm. His head ached and his back pained sharply. He felt cold damp and noticed he was lying in snow four feet deep in a thick forest. Slowly he moved his legs and tried to sit up.

His boots were gone, and his flying suit was torn to pieces. He looked up and down not believing what he saw. Large broken branches above his head showed where he had dropped into the big trees before crashing through at reduced speed to the wonderful bed of snow where he had rested deep and protected from the wind for three hours.

When he was finally carried into a village, the (20) Italian soldiers who took him prisoner laughed at his story. But higher Italian authorities discovered that his story was true, which resulted in Anwar’s being given a paper, signed by a Italian officer, stating that he had actually fallen 18,000 feet without a parachute and lived!

Choose the best answer according to the passage.
Comprehension:
81. The clause “his plane was hit by enemy fire” means that the Italian __________.
(a) set fire to the aircraft
2. invaded the aircraft
3. struck the plane with their gunfire
4. pulled the aircraft apart

82. The sentence “the parachute was obviously too far gone _____” (line6) means the parachute _______.
1. had moved far away from Anwar
2. had dropped out of the plane
3. had slipped away from his reach
4. was too badly burned

83. Why did the airman decide to jump?
1. The burning boots were causing pain.
2. He knew he would land on soft snow.
3. He dreaded being burned to death.
4. He thought he was burned to death.

84. “This is the end,” reflected that ________.
1. he was going to die
2. his job as an airman was over
3. it was the end of his plane
4. it was the end of his flight

85. The phrase “until he awoke” suggests that ________.
1. when he became conscious again
2. when his dream was over
3. when he was awakened by the Italians
4. when he had finished his nap

86. As he woke up, he was most possibly ________.
1. flat on his stomach
2. stuck to the branches of a tree
3. stretch out on his back
4. resting against the trunk of a tree

87. It’s hard for the airman to believe that ________.
1. his boots were gone and the flying suit was torn
2. the branches had slowed his fall
3. the forest could be so thick
4. the forest was too badly burned

88. The soldiers that “took him prisoner” were those that ________.
1. made him give himself up
2. threw him into a prison
3. found him in the forest
4. took charge of him

89. Why did the soldiers laugh at his story?
1. They knew it was a joke.
2. They had heard such stories before.
3. It was unbelievable.
4. He spoke Italian in a funny manner.

90. What is the best title for the passage?
1. A British Airman in Italy.
2. A Miraculous Escape from Death.
3. Italian Capture a British Flyer.
4. An Adventure in Italy.

In the nineteenth century many people accepted as scientifically valid not only face – reading, or physiognomy, but also head – reading, or phrenology. The bumps on a person’s cranium, they thought, revealed his or her personality; so did the shape of the mouth or the tilt of the nose. Today’s thinking has it that what goes on in the brain does not depend on the face, and yet, just as astrology continues to flourish in a scientific world, so too does "phys/phren," as the combination has come to be called, remain with us in the 1980’s.

91. What is the main topic of the passage?
1. Physiognomy.
2. Phrenology.
3. Astrology.

92. The ideas mentioned in the passage gained acceptance in
1. the 1800’s
2. 1900
3. 1919
4. the 1980’s

93. Physiognomy can best be described as a
1. branch of astrology.
2. highly accurate psychological science.
3. personality analysis of facial features.
4. measurement of the potential of an individual’s brain.