

13 ภาษาอังกฤษ 2

SPEAKING (Items 1-30)

Choose the best answer.

1. This is a great opportunity for you, so take the chance.
_____!

- a. It's now and ever b. It's now or ever
c. It's now and never d. It's now or never

2. _____, I need some space.

- a. Leave me alone b. Leave it to me
c. Leave it all behind d. Take it or leave it

3. If you love someone, you ought to _____.

- a. let him be b. let him hear
c. let him know d. let him go.

4. Your parents won't live with you forever. Don't _____.

- a. take them carelessly b. take them for granted
c. take them for a walk d. take them away

5. It won't be easy. Terry is not going to listen to us, _____.

- a. once in a blue moon
b. time will tell
c. grab a bite
d. if you know what I mean

6. A: "Hello, may I speak to John, please?"

B: "John is not in right now. _____"

- a. Can you write some messages?
b. Can I take your message?
c. Can you message him?
d. Can I write a message to him?

7. Customer: "I'd like to have two burgers and French fries, please".

Server: "_____"

- a. That's it for you? b. That's all you need?
c. Would that be all? d. You'd like all of those?

8. A: "Hey, dude. Can I borrow a few bucks?"

B: "Yup, of course, pal. _____."

- a. Here you go b. Take it easy
c. No sweat d. Be my guest

9. Thank you so much for helping me. _____.

- a. I value it b. I appreciate it
c. I realize it d. I consider it

10. A: "Thank you so much".

B: _____.

- a. My responsibility b. My happiness
c. My merit d. My pleasure

11. _____, Jonathan told me he was already married.

- a. Out of the blue b. In the nick of time
c. It's about time d. Be up in the air

12. My brother quit smoking _____.

- a. cold heart b. cold beef
c. cold turkey d. cold feet

13. I _____ last night to watch the World's Cup Championship.

- a. stayed on late b. stayed up late
c. stayed over late d. stayed in late

14. Susie is _____. She's always the first person to arrive at school.

- a. a quick cat b. a fast ball
c. an activist d. an early bird

15. Hey, Mike. _____. I think It's kind of cool.

- a. Check this car out b. Look this car out
c. Take this car out d. Pull this car out

16. I was so nervous to give that presentation in front of 300 people and I just _____.

- a. was perked up b. was pissed off
c. freaked out d. calmed down

17. There's no doubt why Jimmy is overweight.

He's a _____.

- a. sofa bread b. couch bread
c. sofa potato d. couch potato

18. Sorry I arrived _____.

I was stuck in a heavy traffic jam.

- a. late two hours b. two hours late
c. late for two hours d. two late hours

19. A: I'm going to study in NY for two years.

B: Oh, I'll sure miss you. _____.

- a. Don't forget to drop me a line.
b. Don't forget to drop me a call.
c. Don't forget to keep in line.
d. Don't forget to be in touch with me.

20. A: Let's go eat at Big Apple today.
 B: Don't you know _____?
 a. they went broke
 b. they went out of control
 c. they went out of business
 d. they went out of order
21. OK, we've been talking too much already.
 Let's get back to the book. Let's see. _____?
 a. Where was it? b. Where were we?
 c. Where in here? d. Where was that?
22. A: Why are you heading to a gas station?
 B: _____.
 a. I'm high for gas. b. I'm little on gas.
 c. I'm hot for gas. d. I'm low on gas.
23. Jennifer didn't sleep 3 days _____.
 a. in a roll b. in a long run
 c. in a circle d. in a row
24. Isaac is such a _____. I can't stand him any longer.
 a. wound in the leg b. scar in the head
 c. pain in the neck d. itch in the back
25. The car has been acting strange. I have to _____.
 a. get it fixed b. get it done
 c. get it over d. get it again
26. _____ that no one is here to help you.
 a. Bear in heart b. Keep in mind
 c. Put in head d. Take in brain
27. I'm so tired. _____, shall we?
 a. Let's do it someday b. Let's make it a day
 c. Let's call it a day d. Let's finish a day
28. _____. I had no other choices than to do it.
 a. I couldn't help it. b. I couldn't do it.
 c. I couldn't make it. d. It couldn't help.
29. I like _____ the children smile. It feels so peaceful.
 a. the act b. the way
 c. the fact that d. the reason

30. May I take you to a candle-lit dinner at a 5-star hotel?
 Don't worry about the money. This meal _____.
 a. is for you b. is on you
 c. is for me d. is on me

Writing: Grammar and structure (Items 31-55)

Choose the best answer to complete each sentence below.

31. Martha Graham, _____ of the pioneers of modern dance, didn't begin dancing until she was twenty-one.
 a. who, as one b. she was
 c. one d. was one
32. Tiger moths _____ wings marked with stripes or spots.
 a. have b. with
 c. their d. whose
33. Most of Annie Jump Cannon's career as an astronomer involved the observation, classification, and _____.
 a. she analyzed stars b. the stars' analysis
 c. stars were analyzed d. analysis of stars
34. Platinum is harder than copper and is almost as pliable _____.
 a. gold b. than gold
 c. as gold d. gold is
35. Many communities are dependent on groundwater _____ from wells for their water supply.
 a. that obtained b. obtained
 c. is obtained d. obtain it
36. There were _____ federal laws regulating mining practices until 1872.
 a. none b. not
 c. no d. nor
37. Designed by Frederic Auguste Bartholdi, _____.
 a. the United States was given the Statue of Liberty by the people of France
 b. the people of France gave the Statue of Liberty to the United States
 c. the Statue of Liberty was given tot the United States by the people of France
 d. the French people presented the United States with a gift, the Statue of Liberty

38. In 1791 Quebec was divided into two sections, Upper Canada and Lower Canada, _____ were ruled by elected assemblies.

- a. they both b. both of them
c. in which both d. both of which

39. _____ quicksand can be found all over the world, little was known about its composition until recently.

- a. Except b. Although
c. Even d. Despite

40. _____ are a form of carbon has been known since the late eighteenth century.

- a. Diamonds b. Because diamonds
c. That diamonds d. Diamonds, which

Coffee History

Discovery

The history of coffee begins close to the Garden of Eden. Early signs lead to Ethiopia, to the Abyssinian highlands and to Kenya.

There are quite (41) _____ of the discovery of this black gold. The best-known and oldest of these legends dates from the 9th century (42) _____ Arabia and (43) _____ of the goatherd, Khaldi.

Khaldi was looking after goats in the Yemeni highlands. (44) _____ he led the herd to new pastures. One day, after the goats (45) _____ on a certain shrub with red berries, they began (46) _____ about more than (47) _____.

(48) _____ of a nearby monastery, who heard about this, had some berries collected from the bushes and made into an infusion for his Order. Sure enough, it had (49) _____ on the monks, who were able to keep (50) _____ through the night without becoming tired. Soon they couldn't do without the drink and began to put aside stores of the berries. During the rainy season they hung twigs full of berries over an open fire to dry. Once, one of (51) _____ fell into the fire unseen, the beans (52) _____ and gave off an aromatic fragrance. (53) _____ by the scent, the monks saved the blistered beans from the fire, ground them up and then prepared their usual infusion. They quickly noticed that the taste of this drink was far more delicious, and that the invigorating effects (54) _____. The secret of coffee beans (55) _____!

41. a. version b. a few version
c. few versions d. a few versions

42. a. in b. on
c. at d. over

43. a. told b. tell
c. tells d. is told

44. a. Everyday b. Every day
c. In everyday d. In every day

45. a. was munching b. had been munching
c. had munched d. munched

46. a. jumped b. jumping
c. jump d. and jumped

47. a. they do before.
b. they did before.
c. they have ever done before.
d. they had ever done before.

48. a. The abbot b. A abbot
c. An abbot d. Abbot

49. a. the same effect b. the same affect
c. a same effect d. a same affect

50. a. pray b. to pray
c. prayed d. praying

51. a. the twig b. the twigs
c. twigs d. a twig

52. a. chars b. charred
c. were charring d. were charred

53. a. Attracted b. Attracting
c. To attract d. Attract

54. a. remain b. remaining
c. remained d. to remain

55. a. discovers b. were discovered
c. had discovered d. had been discovered

Writing: Vocabulary (Items 56-65)

Choose the correct answer.

56. Former Prime Minister Thaksin Shinawatra and his wife are seeking political asylum in Britain, just 10 days after fleeing to London from Beijing.
- a. rehabilitation b. refuge
c. resort d. reparation
57. Simon Flint, the Singapore-based head of Asian foreign exchange for Lehman Brothers, said the Baht depreciation reflected a perception that the Bank of Thailand's benchmark short-term interest rate was too low to curb inflation.
- a. deterioration b. declination
c. depletion d. devaluation
58. Pirate attacks are frequent in the waters off Somalia, a notoriously unsafe area for unescorted vessels.
- a. ignominiously b. nominally
c. economically d. anomaly
59. Officials who had planned to ethanize an injured and abandoned baby whale postponed the operation Thursday night after being unable to find the animal in the dark waters off north Sydney.
- a. ritual killing b. homicide
c. mercy killing d. feticide

The purpose of the Brain, Biology and Mood study is to examine the **(5) association** between stress, depression and cell death in the hippocampus. We fully expect this study to highlight components of a "stress **(6) vulnerability** pathway" that will be amenable to new pharmaceutical development and to improved diagnostic methods for patients with major depression.

60. a. convulsion b. conjuration
c. contortion d. connexion
61. a. susceptibility b. vulgarity
c. congeniality d. ingenuity

62. An anti-depressant drug, proved to be effective in tackling smoking addiction, will be offered under the universal healthcare scheme to encourage long-term smokers to quit the habit.
- a. complying with b. going along with
c. dealing with d. playing with
63. An automatic fire alarm system is an active fire protection system designed to detect the unwanted presence of fire by monitoring environmental changes associated with combustion.
- a. manipulating b. supervising
c. supercharging d. maintaining
64. Hundreds caught in Olympic internet ticket fraud scheme, it has reportedly affected Americans, Australians, New Zealanders, Britons and others.
- a. nuance b. hoax
c. spurn d. deck
65. "Ponder and deliberate before you make a move." by Sun Tsu, in "The Art of War".
- a. contemplate b. dedicate
c. emancipate d. dominate

Reading (Items 66-100)

Choose the best answer.

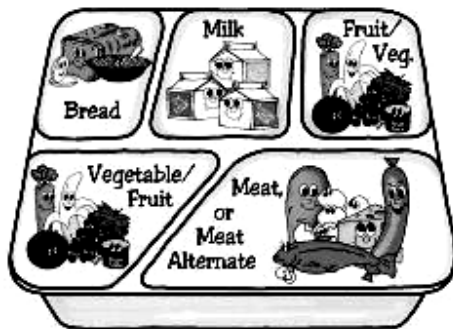
Sonnet 26

- ¹ Sweet is the rose, but grows upon a briar;
Sweet is the juniper, but sharp his bough;
Sweet is the eglantine, but **pricketh** near;
Sweet is the fir bloom, but his branch is rough;
- ⁵ Sweet is the cypress, but his rind is tough;
Sweet is the nut, but bitter is his pill;
Sweet is the broom flower, but yet sour enough;
and sweet is moly, **but** his root is ill.
So every sweet with sour is tempered still,
- ¹⁰ That **maketh** it be coveted the more:
For easy things, that may be got at will,
Most sorts of men do set but little store.
Why then should I account of little pain,
That endless pleasure shall unto me gain!
(Edmund Spenser)

66. What contrast is established by the use of the word "but" in the first eight lines of the poem?
- a. life versus death b. pleasure versus pain
c. good versus evil d. knowledge versus ignorance
67. Edmund Spenser's use of the words pricketh and maketh _____.
- a. reflects the poetic language of his time.
b. suggests the disbelief of the speaker
c. reflects the poet's language of his time.
d. suggests the disbelief of the speaker
68. What does the poet suggest in lines 11 – 12?
- a. people should be satisfied with who they are
b. people do not value things that come easily
c. people easily take the things they want
d. people desire more than they can have

69. What is the purpose of the last two lines of the poem?
- a. to repeat the poem's visual imagery
b. to summarize the poem's meaning
c. to add humor to the poem
d. to reassert the speaker's anger
70. What does "Sonnet" mean?
- a. a poem of fourteen lines following a set rhyme scheme and logical structure.
b. a poem has six stanzas and each comprising six unrhymed lines.
c. a nineteen – line poem made up of five triplets with a closing quatrain
d. a poem has eight lines in four couplets , with parallelism between the lines in the second and third couplets

Offer vs. Serve



Offer versus Serve (OVS) is a system designed to decrease food waste and give students greater flexibility in choosing what eat for school breakfast or lunch.

General OVS Requirements for Lunch:

- Students must take at least 3 of the 5 food items. This is the minimum under Federal program regulations.
- Students may take smaller portions of the declined food items.
- The meal must be priced as a unit. That is, a student who takes 3, 4, or 5 food items, or smaller portions of some items, pays the same price

Do you ever wonder why the cafeteria staff may tell you that you need one more item?

- 5 food items...
- From the 4 food components...
- in at least the minimum serving sizes for the appropriate age/grade group

The 5 food items at lunch include:

1. Meat/Meat Alternate
2. Grains/Breads
3. & 4. Vegetables/Fruits - two or more servings of different kinds of vegetables and/or fruits
5. Milk

The 4 food components at lunch are:

1. Meat/Meat Alternate
2. Vegetables/Fruits
3. Grains/Breads
4. Milk

What's for breakfast?

- 4 food items;
- from 3 or 4 components;

What's for lunch?

For a meal that is reimbursable under USDA regulations, students must be offered a lunch that contains:

- In at least the minimum serving size for the appropriate age/grade group.

The 4 food components for breakfast are:

1. Meat/Meat Alternative = meat, poultry, fish, cheese, nuts, nut butters, eggs, dry beans, yogurt, and alternative protein products.
2. Grains/Breads = bread, tortillas, bagels, biscuits, muffins, and many more products made from enriched or whole-grain meal or flour, plus enriched or fortified cereals.
3. Vegetable/Fruit = fruit or vegetable in any form or full-strength juice.
4. Milk = fluid, served as a beverage or on cereal or both.

Concepts:

- Students can make food selections, and will more likely eat what they select.
- Students may refuse any food item.
- Students may take any combination.
- Combination foods count as more than 1 food item.
- Parents and other adults teach kids -- by example -- to make healthful choices.
- We encourage students to select all foods offered.
- Policy for extra portions at extra cost is unaffected by OVS.

LUNCH MENU for Grades 7-12:

- * Roast Beef Sandwich with mayonnaise, mustard, lettuce, and tomato
(2 G/B servings, 2 ounces M/MA, 1/4 cup V/F)
- * Oven-Fried Potatoes (1/2 cup)
- * Carrot Sticks with Dip (1/2 cup)
- * Peanut Butter Bar (1/2 G/B)
- * Choice of Milk (8 fl ounces)

71. From the menu above, how many of the 5 food items can a high school student decline under OVS?

- a. None
- b. 1
- c. 2
- d. 3

72. In the menu above, which foods may a student decline?

- a. Any except the milk
- b. Any food
- c. Only the sandwich
- d. Only the pudding

73. From the menu above, which of the following combinations qualifies as a reimbursable meal?

- a. Sandwich and Potatoes.
- b. Potatoes, Carrots and Pudding.
- c. Sandwich and Milk
- d. Both a and c

74. Which item below is not a combination food (having 2 food items from the 4 components)

- a. Pizza
- b. Deli sandwich
- c. Mixed vegetables
- d. Rotini pasta with meat sauce.

75. In planning menus, which of the following combinations of food items cannot qualify as a reimbursable breakfast?

- a. Meat/meat alternate (2 servings), juice/fruit/vegetable, and milk

b. Meat/meat alternate, grains/breads, juice/fruit/vegetable, and milk

- c. Meat/meat alternate, grains/breads, and milk
- d. Grains/breads (2 servings), juice/fruit/vegetable, and milk

76. Which of the following menus may be offered to comprise a reimbursable breakfast?

- a. Fluid milk, sausage, pancake, and applesauce
- b. Oatmeal, toast, fruit cup and milk.
- c. Scrambled egg, melon wedge, and milk
- d. All of the above.

77. At breakfast, OVS allows students to decline how many food items out of 4 items?

- a. 2
- b. 1
- c. It depends on the number of items offered.
- d. None



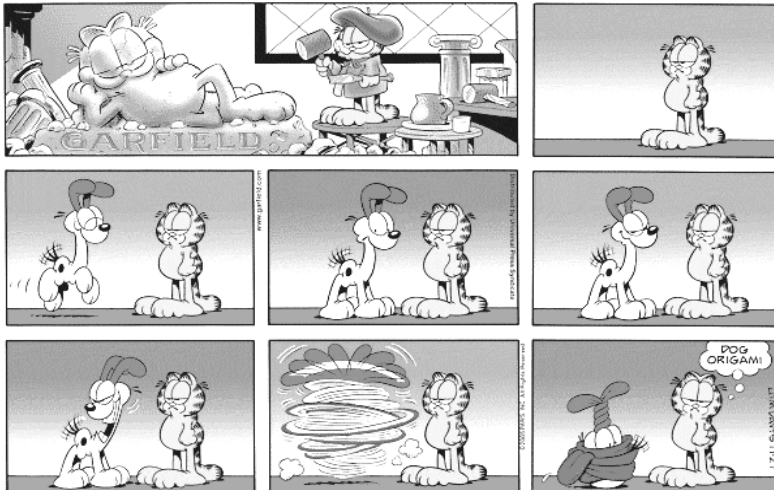
78. This is a sign in Michigan tombstone.
According to picture what does it mean?
- Drive as fast as you can
 - Do not hesitate to drive like a crazy man.
 - Drive slowly for your safety.
 - Drive as slowly as you can



79. According of the picture above, what kind of curve you may refer to?
- S curve
 - L curve
 - O curve
 - Sharp curve



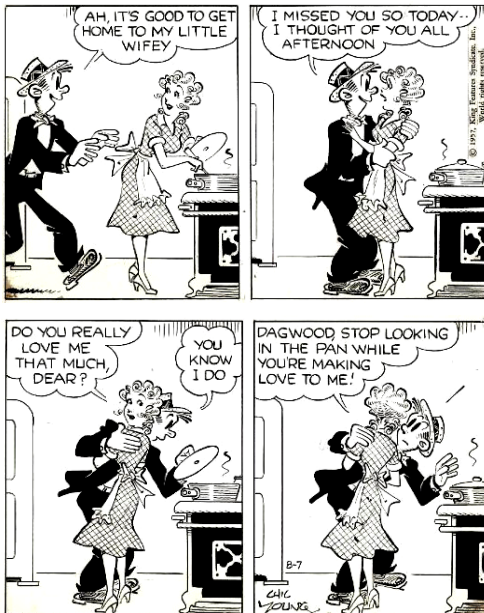
80. What does it mean from this sign?
- There's one airplane here.
 - Airplane may flyover here.
 - A truck that carries airplane will drive through here.
 - Mean nothing just a joke



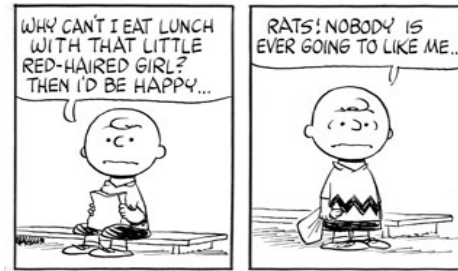
81. What does "origami" mean?
- a significance organ in dog.
 - the ancient Japanese art of paper folding.
 - a living thing that has the ability to act or function independently.
 - the moment of most intense pleasure in sexual intercourse.



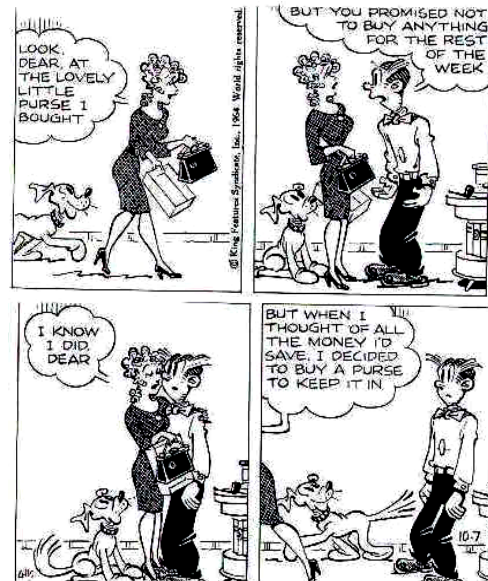
82. What does fish mean when he says "I'm starting to feel silly"?
- He is one of the most handsome fish in the world.
 - He cools enough to make someone falling in love with him.
 - He feels like an idiot.
 - He hates his dog friend.



83. From this comic (Blondie and Dagwood), what do you see?
- Dagwood is very much in love with his wife (Blondie).
 - Blondie wants to eat out.
 - Dagwood doesn't go to work.
 - Blondie doesn't like when Dagwood pay attention at the pan while he's hugging her.



84. What can you assume from comic above?
- He's very disappointed because he doesn't have a chance to eat lunch with a red-haired girl.
 - He wants to eat alone.
 - He has a lot of friends.
 - He leaves his lunch at home.



85. What can you learn from this comic?
- It's the truth that women always spend less money than men.
 - Blondie is self-centered.
 - Women are more logical than men.
 - Don't you ever think that any woman can stop shopping?

Linking the Olympic supply chain

CHRIS CATTO-SMITH

It is estimated that three million athletes, journalists and spectators have gathered in Beijing for the Olympic Games. Hundreds of millions more around the world are watching on television. It is estimated that logistics services for the Games will cost US\$5.8 billion. Information gleaned from China Daily and People Daily sheds some light on the challenges of successfully staging an event of such magnitude.

Huge logistics demand: With more than 200 countries and regions participating, it is estimated that 1.2 million pieces of sporting apparatus and equipment for athletes, officials and reporters will be handled by the various logistics agencies providing support to the event.

Future vision: During the whole Olympic season in 2008, more than 75,000 tones of equipment and facilities will need to be transported, and more than 2,000 transport vehicles will be required. The huge Olympic logistics demand will become the new target for these giants from overseas.

Closing capability gaps: The significant logistics demand also has attracted many leading domestic logistics companies, such as the Cosco logistics, China Shipping Logistics. Traditionally there has been a noticeable lack of co-operation between Chinese manufacturing and logistics companies, which has severely **hindered** the development of the national logistics services industry. Facing tense competition, China's local logistics providers are keenly absorbing the advanced technologies and vast international experience to narrow the gaps between domestic and overseas logistics capabilities.

Impeccable planning: The Olympic Games last for only two and a half weeks, but involve an incredible level of logistics work.

Green issues: The length of time and magnitude with which the committee organizing the Beijing Olympics (Bo cog) has analyzed unique logistics situations, developed supply chain strategies, and forecast effects is unprecedented. While initially focused on dealing with expected environmental issues since 2001, the Beijing government had already been taking measures toward cleaning up the city (notorious for high air pollution) since 1998.

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86. What is the best title for this extracted article?
- The Athletes of the Olympic Games 2008
 - Foreign investors in the Olympic Games 2008
 - The Success of the Olympic Games 2008
 - The Logistics Situation in the Olympic Games 2008
87. Why was it estimated that logistics services for the Games will cost a great amount of US\$ billion?
- Because the grand opening of the Games was so magnificent that it stunned people all over the world.
 - Because the Chinese people specialized in trade.
 - Because the Olympic Games in China can drag the attention of people worldwide.
 - Because many businessmen invest in a lot of businesses in China.
88. What is the closest meaning of 'hindered'?
- handicapped
 - reduced
 - soared
 - haunted

89. How much information is discussed in the article?
- 4
 - 5
 - 6
 - 8
90. Which word can best be replaced 'impeccable'?
- imperfect
 - second to none
 - pure
 - maculate
91. Which is not sporting apparatus?
- racquet
 - snickers
 - referee
 - swimming suit
92. Why did Chinese manufacturers lack of co-operation with other logistics companies in the old days?
- Because they hated foreign logistics companies.
 - Because they believed in the potential of their manufacturing.
 - Because most of foreign businessmen often cheated them.
 - Because Chinese feared of logistics.

93. Which cause motivated China to open to worldwide logistics companies?
- Expensive production costs
 - Laziness of Chinese workers
 - The problem of transportation
 - Tense competition
94. Which is true?
- China has a reputation for bad air pollution.
 - The Olympic Games lasts nearly a month.
 - Millions pieces of sporting apparatus and equipment for athletes are dramatically demanded.
 - All are true.
95. Which is the logistics about?
- Trade preparation
 - Trade planning and organization
 - Trade transferring
 - Trade transportation
96. What are the famous Chinese newspapers?
- The Daily News and The Daily Mirror
 - The Bangkokpost and The Nations
 - The Taiwan Daily
 - The China Daily and The People Daily
97. What is Chinese government concerned about?
- Economic issues
 - Politic issues
 - Green issues
 - War issues
98. Which has the most similar meaning?
- apparatus – equipment
 - focus on – depend on
 - notorious – famous
 - develop – deal
99. Which paragraph is about the breakthrough of technologies?
- Paragraph 1
 - Paragraph 2
 - Paragraph 3
 - Paragraph 4
100. This was the _____ of the Olympic Games 2008.
- 26th
 - 27th
 - 28th
 - 29th

เฉลย 13 ภาษาอังกฤษ 2

1. **ตอบข้อ d.** It's now or never
2. **ตอบข้อ a.** Leave me alone
3. **ตอบข้อ c.** let him know
4. **ตอบข้อ b.** take them for granted
5. **ตอบข้อ a.** once in a blue moon
6. **ตอบข้อ b.** Can I take your message?
7. **ตอบข้อ c.** Would that be all?
8. **ตอบข้อ a.** Here you go
9. **ตอบข้อ b.** I appreciate it
10. **ตอบข้อ d.** My pleasure
11. **ตอบข้อ a.** Out of the blue
12. **ตอบข้อ c.** cold turkey
13. **ตอบข้อ b.** stayed up late
14. **ตอบข้อ d.** an early bird
15. **ตอบข้อ a.** Check this car out
16. **ตอบข้อ c.** freaked out
17. **ตอบข้อ d.** couch potato
18. **ตอบข้อ b.** two hours late
19. **ตอบข้อ a.** Don't forget to drop me a line.
20. **ตอบข้อ c.** they went out of business
21. **ตอบข้อ b.** Where were we?
22. **ตอบข้อ d.** I'm low on gas.
23. **ตอบข้อ d.** in a row
24. **ตอบข้อ c.** pain in the neck
25. **ตอบข้อ a.** get it fixed
26. **ตอบข้อ b.** Keep in mind
27. **ตอบข้อ c.** Let's call it a day
28. **ตอบข้อ a.** I couldn't help it.
29. **ตอบข้อ b.** the way
30. **ตอบข้อ d.** is on me
31. **ตอบข้อ c.** one
32. **ตอบข้อ b.** with
33. **ตอบข้อ d.** analysis of stars
34. **ตอบข้อ c.** as gold
35. **ตอบข้อ b.** obtained
36. **ตอบข้อ c.** no
37. **ตอบข้อ c.** the Statue of Liberty was given to the United States by the people of France
38. **ตอบข้อ d.** both of which
39. **ตอบข้อ b.** Although
40. **ตอบข้อ c.** That diamonds
41. **ตอบข้อ b.** refuge
42. **ตอบข้อ d.** devaluation
43. **ตอบข้อ a.** ignominiously
44. **ตอบข้อ c.** mercy killing
45. **ตอบข้อ d.** connexion
46. **ตอบข้อ a.** susceptibility
47. **ตอบข้อ c.** dealing with
48. **ตอบข้อ b.** supervising
49. **ตอบข้อ b.** hoax
50. **ตอบข้อ a.** contemplate
51. **ตอบข้อ d.** a few versions
52. **ตอบข้อ a.** in
53. **ตอบข้อ c.** tells
54. **ตอบข้อ b.** Every day
55. **ตอบข้อ b.** had been munching

56. **ตอบข้อ b.** jumping
57. **ตอบข้อ d.** they had ever done before.
58. **ตอบข้อ c.** An abbot
59. **ตอบข้อ a.** the same effect
60. **ตอบข้อ d.** praying
61. **ตอบข้อ b.** the twigs
62. **ตอบข้อ d.** were charred
63. **ตอบข้อ a.** Attracted
64. **ตอบข้อ c.** remained
65. **ตอบข้อ d.** had been discovered
66. **ตอบข้อ b.** pleasure versus pain
67. **ตอบข้อ c.** reflects the poetics language of his time.
68. **ตอบข้อ b.** people do not value things that come easily
69. **ตอบข้อ a.** to repeat the poem's visual imagery
70. **ตอบข้อ a.** a poem of fourteen lines following a set rhyme
scheme and logical structure.
71. **ตอบข้อ c.** 2
72. **ตอบข้อ b.** Any food
73. **ตอบข้อ b.** Potatoes, Carrots and Pudding.
74. **ตอบข้อ c.** Mixed vegetables
75. **ตอบข้อ c.** Meat/meat alternate, grains/breads, and milk
76. **ตอบข้อ d.** All of the above.
77. **ตอบข้อ b.** 1
78. **ตอบข้อ c.** Drive slowly for your safety.
79. **ตอบข้อ c.** O curve
80. **ตอบข้อ b.** Airplane may fly over here.
81. **ตอบข้อ b.** the ancient Japanese art of paper folding.
82. **ตอบข้อ c.** He feels like an idiot.

83. **ตอบข้อ d.** Blondie doesn't like when Dagwood pay
attention at the pan while he's hugging her.
84. **ตอบข้อ a.** He's very disappoint because he doesn't has
a chance to eat lunch with a red-haired girl.
85. **ตอบข้อ d.** Don't you ever think that any woman can stop
shopping.
86. **ตอบข้อ d.** The Logistics Situation in the Olympic Games
2008
87. **ตอบข้อ c.** Because the Olympic Games in China can drag
the attention of people worldwide.
88. **ตอบข้อ a.** handicapped
89. **ตอบข้อ b.** 5
90. **ตอบข้อ b.** second to none
91. **ตอบข้อ c.** referee
92. **ตอบข้อ b.** Because they believed in the potential of their
manufacturing.
93. **ตอบข้อ d.** Tense competition
94. **ตอบข้อ d.** All are true.
95. **ตอบข้อ b.** Trade planning and organization
96. **ตอบข้อ d.** The China Daily and The People Daily
97. **ตอบข้อ c.** Green issues
98. **ตอบข้อ a.** apparatus – equipment
99. **ตอบข้อ d.** Paragraph 4
100. **ตอบข้อ d.** 29th